

HALF-YEARLY REPORT For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2021

August 13, 2021

This report (the "Half-Yearly Report") sets forth certain information regarding the financial condition and results of operations of FAGE International S.A. and its subsidiaries (the "FAGE Group") for the six and three months ended June 30, 2021. The Half-Yearly Report includes a review, in English, of the FAGE Group's unaudited financial information and analysis for the second quarter of 2021 as well as certain other information.

The following unaudited financial statements in the opinion of the management reflect all necessary adjustments (which include only normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair presentation of the FAGE Group's financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented.

For a description of accounting policies see Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in the FAGE Group's 2020 Annual Report.

Summary Analysis of Senior Notes Issued by FAGE INTERNATIONAL S.A. and FAGE USA DAIRY INDUSTRY, INC.

On August 3, 2016, FAGE International S.A. ("FAGE International") and FAGE USA Dairy Industry, Inc. ("FAGE USA" and together with FAGE International, the "Issuers") issued \$420,000,000 principal amount of their 5.625% Senior Notes due 2026 (the "Senior Notes") under an indenture, dated as of August 3, 2016 (the "Indenture"), by and among the Issuers, FAGE Greece Dairy Industry Single Member S.A. ("FAGE Greece"), as guarantor, The Bank of New York Mellon, acting through its London Branch, as trustee, The Bank of New York Mellon, as paying and transfer agent, and The Bank of New York Mellon (Luxembourg) S.A., as registrar. As of June 30, 2021, an aggregate principal amount of \$389.3 million of the Senior Notes remained outstanding.

The Senior Notes have not been, nor will they be, registered under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), or any state securities laws and, unless so registered, may not be offered or sold except pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws. Accordingly, the Senior Notes were offered and sold only to "Qualified Institutional Buyers" (as defined in Rule 144A under the Securities Act) and pursuant to offers and sales occurring outside the United States within the meaning of Regulation S under the Securities Act. The Indenture is not required to be, nor will it be, qualified under the U.S. Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended.

A copy of the Indenture is available from FAGE International upon request. This Half-Yearly Report is being provided to holders of the Senior Notes pursuant to Section 4.02 of the Indenture.

FAGE International is a public limited company (société anonyme) incorporated under the laws of Luxembourg on September 25, 2012. Its registered office is located at 145, Rue du Kiem, L-8030 Strassen, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg. FAGE International has a share capital of \$1,000,000 and is registered with the Luxembourg Register of Commerce and Companies under number B 171651. FAGE International's website is home.fage. The reference to this website is an inactive textual reference only and none of the information contained on this website is incorporated into this Half-Yearly Report. References to the FAGE Group include, unless the context requires otherwise, FAGE International and its consolidated subsidiaries (FAGE USA Holdings, Inc. (prior to its merger with and into FAGE USA Dairy Industry, Inc. on January 15, 2020), FAGE USA Dairy Industry, Inc., FAGE Greece Dairy Industry Single Member S.A. and FAGE U.K. Limited). The FAGE Group operates principally in the United States, the Hellenic Republic, also known as Greece, Luxembourg and the United Kingdom.

FAGE USA is a corporation which is organized under the laws of the State of New York and was incorporated on February 17, 2005. Its principal place of business is 1 Opportunity Drive, Johnstown Industrial Park, Johnstown, New York 12095, U.S.A. FAGE USA's U.S. Employer Identification Number is 83-0419718. FAGE USA is wholly owned by FAGE International.

FAGE Greece is a public limited company (société anonyme) which is organized under the laws of the Hellenic Republic and was incorporated on December 30, 1977. Its principal place of business is located at 35 Hermou Street, 144 52 Metamorfossi, Athens, Greece. FAGE Greece's Greek tax identification number is 094061540.

INFORMATION REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Half-Yearly Report contains forward-looking statements. The following cautionary statements identify important factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements made in this Half-Yearly Report. Any statements that are not statements of historical fact, including statements about our expectations, beliefs, plans, objectives, assumptions or future events or performance, are forward-looking in nature. These forward-looking statements include statements regarding: our financial position; our expectations concerning future operations, strategy, margins, profitability, liquidity and capital resources; other plans and objectives for future operations; and all other statements that are not historical facts. These statements are often, but not always, made through the use of words or phrases such as "will likely result," "are expected to," "will continue," "believe," "is anticipated," "estimated," "intends," "expects," "plans," "seek," "projection," "future," "objective," "probable," "target," "goal," "potential," "outlook" and similar expressions. These statements involve estimates, assumptions and uncertainties which could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed. We have based these forward-looking statements on our current expectations and projections about future events. Although we believe that these statements are based on reasonable assumptions, they are subject to numerous factors, risks and uncertainties that could cause actual outcomes and results to be materially different from those projected. It is also possible that any or all of the events described in forward-looking statements may not occur.

Any forward-looking statements are qualified in their entirety by reference to the factors discussed throughout this Half-Yearly Report. Among the key factors that may have a direct bearing on our results of operations are:

- risks associated with our high leverage and debt service obligations;
- the impact of restrictive debt covenants on our operating flexibility;
- · uncertainties associated with general economic and political conditions in Greece, across Europe and in the United States;
- factors affecting our ability to compete in a competitive market;
- consumer demand for our products and loyalty to our brands;
- prices of raw materials that we use in our products;
- currency exchange rates and their effects on our financial condition, business and results of operations;
- the impact of present or future government regulations affecting our operations in the countries where we operate;
- uncertainties associated with our ability to implement our business strategy, including our expansion in the United States;
- any event that could have a material adverse effect on our brands or reputation, such as product contamination or protracted quality control difficulties; and
- uncertainties resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic.

Because the risk factors referred to in this Half-Yearly Report could cause actual results or outcomes to differ materially from those expressed in any forward-looking statements made in this Half-Yearly Report by us or on our behalf, you should not place undue reliance on any of these forward-looking statements. Further, any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which it is made, and we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which the statement is made or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events. New factors will emerge in the future, and it is not possible for us to predict which factors they will be. In addition, we cannot assess the impact of each factor on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those described in any forward-looking statements.

In addition, this Half-Yearly Report contains certain information concerning the Greek, EU and U.S. markets for dairy products that is forward-looking in nature and is based on a variety of assumptions regarding the ways and trends in which these markets will develop in the future. In certain cases, these assumptions have been derived from independent market research referred to in this Half-Yearly Report. Some market information is also based on our good faith estimates or derived from our review of internal surveys and statistics and our own knowledge of market conditions. If any of the assumptions regarding the dairy markets in which we operate are incorrect, actual market results could be different from those predicted. Although we do not know what impact any such differences may have on our business, our future results of operations and financial condition could be materially and adversely affected. Any statements regarding past trends or activities should not be taken as a representation that such trends or activities will continue in the future. Investors are urged to review carefully and consider the various disclosures made in this Half-Yearly Report that attempt to advise them of the factors affecting our business.

DEFINITIONS

The following terms used in this Half-Yearly Report have the meanings assigned to them below:

"Euro", "euro", "EUR" or "€"	Euro, the currency of the European Union member states participating in the European
	Monetary Union.
"FAGE International"	FAGE International S.A., one of the Issuers of the Senior Notes.
"FAGE Greece"	FAGE Greece Dairy Industry Single Member S.A., the Guarantor of the Senior Notes.
	FAGE International S.A., one of the Issuers of the Senior Notes, and its consolidated
"FAGE Group", "Group", "we", "us"	subsidiaries described collectively as a corporate group except where the context requires
and "our"	otherwise.
"FAGE USA"	FAGE USA Dairy Industry, Inc., one of the Issuers of the Senior Notes.
"Guarantor"	FAGE Greece.
"IFRS"	International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards
	Board (IASB) as endorsed by the EU.
"Indenture"	The indenture governing the Senior Notes.
"Issuers"	FAGE International and FAGE USA.
"pounds", "GBP" or "£"	Pounds sterling, the currency of the United Kingdom.
"Senior Notes"	The 5.625% Senior Notes due 2026 issued by FAGE International and FAGE USA on August
	3, 2016 pursuant to the Indenture.
"U.S. dollar", "USD", "\$" or	
"U.S.\$"	United States dollar, the currency of the United States of America.
"U.S. GAAP"	Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL AND OTHER DATA

FAGE International and FAGE USA are the two primary obligors of the Senior Notes.

FAGE USA

FAGE USA, one of the Issuers of the Senior Notes, is a direct, wholly owned subsidiary of FAGE International, the other issuer. FAGE USA is a corporation incorporated in the State of New York that engages in the production and distribution of dairy products. This Half-Yearly Report does not include separate financial statements for FAGE USA. The financial information of FAGE USA is fully consolidated into our consolidated financial statements, which are included elsewhere in this Half-Yearly Report.

Financial Information

The consolidated financial information for the FAGE Group has been presented as of and for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, and presents the consolidated net assets, financial position and results of operations of the FAGE Group during the periods presented. The consolidated financial statements of the FAGE Group have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as endorsed by the European Union. You should read the consolidated financial statements of the FAGE Group included at the end of this Half-Yearly Report, including the notes thereto (collectively, the "Consolidated Financial Statements"), together with "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations". Some financial information in this Half-Yearly Report has been rounded and, as a result, the numerical figures shown as totals in this Half-Yearly Report may vary slightly from the exact arithmetic aggregation of the figures that precede them.

The FAGE Group adopted the U.S. dollar as its reporting currency effective October 1, 2012 and FAGE International adopted the U.S. dollar as its reporting and functional currency effective October 1, 2012. Solely for your convenience, this Half-Yearly Report contains translations of certain euro amounts into U.S. dollars at specified rates. These U.S. dollar amounts do not represent actual U.S. dollar amounts, nor could such euro amounts necessarily have been converted into U.S. dollars at the rates indicated. Unless otherwise indicated, euro amounts have been translated into U.S. dollars at the rate of U.S. \$1.1884 per euro, which was the equivalent rate of the euro as reported by the European Central Bank in its foreign exchange rates report as at June 30, 2021.

If you are in the United States or otherwise familiar with U.S. GAAP but not familiar with IFRS, you should consult your own professional advisors for an understanding of the differences between IFRS and U.S. GAAP and how those differences could affect the financial information contained in this Half-Yearly Report.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying our accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the Consolidated Financial Statements are disclosed in the financial statements.

The Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared as of and for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, and are presented in U.S. dollars rounded to the nearest thousand. The Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for the measurement of investments in equity instruments initially designated at fair value through other comprehensive income, derivative financial instruments and land, which are measured at fair value.

The accounting policies set out in the notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements have been consistently applied to all periods presented except for changes arising through amendments or revisions to IFRS and the issuance of new accounting pronouncements. The amendments and revisions to IFRS as well as the new accounting pronouncements did not have a material effect on the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Industry Data

This Half-Yearly Report contains information concerning the U.S. market for yogurt, the Greek dairy market and the dairy markets of certain other countries in which we conduct business. We operate in an industry in which it is difficult to obtain precise industry and market information. We have obtained the market and competitive position data in this Half-Yearly Report from industry publications and from surveys or studies conducted by third parties that we believe to be reliable, including research information produced by Information Resources International ("IRI"). We cannot assure you of the accuracy and completeness of such information, and we have not independently verified the market and competitive position data contained in this Half-Yearly Report. In addition, in many cases, statements in this Half-Yearly Report regarding the dairy industry and our competitive position in the dairy industry are based on our experience and our own investigation of market conditions. There can be no assurance that any of these assumptions are accurate or correctly reflect our competitive position in the industry, and none of these internal surveys or information have been verified by independent sources, which may have estimates or opinions regarding industry-related information which differ from ours.

ENFORCEABILITY OF CIVIL LIABILITIES

FAGE International is a public limited company (société anonyme) incorporated under the laws of Luxembourg and FAGE Greece is organized under the laws of Greece. Certain executive officers and directors of the Issuers and the Guarantor and certain experts named herein presently reside outside of the United States, principally in Luxembourg and Greece. As a result, it will be necessary for investors to comply with Luxembourg or Greek law in order to obtain an enforceable judgment against any such foreign resident persons or assets of such entities, including an order to foreclose upon such assets. Although we have agreed under the terms of the Indenture pursuant to which the Senior Notes were issued to accept service of process in the United States by an agent designated for such purpose, it may not be possible for investors to (i) effect service of process within the United States upon our officers, directors and certain experts named herein and (ii) enforce any judgments in the United States against such persons obtained in U.S. courts predicated upon civil liabilities of such persons, including any judgments predicated upon U.S. federal securities laws, to the extent such judgments exceed such person's U.S. assets.

We have been advised by Loyens & Loeff, our Luxembourg counsel, that although there is no treaty between Luxembourg and the United States regarding the reciprocal enforcement of judgments, a valid, final and conclusive judgment against FAGE International obtained from a state or federal court of the United States, which remains in full force and effect, may be enforced through a court of competent jurisdiction in Luxembourg, subject to compliance with the following enforcement procedures (*exequatur*) set out in the relevant provisions of the Luxembourg New Code of Civil Procedure (*Nouveau Code de Procédure Civile*) and Luxembourg case law:

- the foreign court must properly have had jurisdiction to hear and determine the matter, both according to its own laws and to the Luxembourg international private law conflict of jurisdiction rules;
- the foreign court must have applied the law which is designated by the Luxembourg conflict of laws rules or, at least, the order must not contravene the principles underlying those rules (although some first instance decisions rendered in Luxembourg—which have not been confirmed by the Luxembourg Court of Appeal—no longer apply this condition);
- the decision of the foreign court must be enforceable in the jurisdiction in which it was rendered;
- the foreign court has acted in accordance with its own procedural laws;
- the judgment was obtained in compliance with the rights of the defendant (*i.e.*, following proceedings where the defendant had the opportunity to appear, was granted the necessary time to prepare its case and, if the defendant appeared, could present a defense);
- the decision of the foreign court must not have been obtained by fraud; and
- the decisions and the considerations of the foreign court must not be contrary to Luxembourg international public policy rules or have been given in proceedings of a tax, penal or criminal nature (which would include awards of damages made under civil liabilities provisions of the U.S. federal securities laws, or other laws, to the extent that the same would be classified by Luxembourg courts as being of a penal or punitive nature (for example, fines or punitive damages)) or rendered subsequent to an evasion of Luxembourg law (*fraude à la loi*). Ordinarily an award of monetary damages would not be considered as a penalty, but if the monetary damages include punitive damages such punitive damages may be considered as a penalty.

If an original action is brought in Luxembourg, without prejudice to specific conflict of law rules, Luxembourg courts may refuse to apply the designated law (i) if the choice of such foreign law was not made bona fide or (ii) if the foreign law was not pleaded and proved or (iii) if pleaded and proved, such foreign law was contrary to mandatory Luxembourg laws or incompatible with Luxembourg public policy rules. In an action brought in Luxembourg on the basis of U.S. federal or state securities laws, Luxembourg courts may not have the requisite power to grant the remedies sought.

We have been advised by Theo V. Sioufas & Co., Greek counsel to the FAGE Group, that, although there is no treaty between Greece and the United States regarding the reciprocal enforcement of judgments, a valid, final and conclusive judgment for a definite amount (both in respect of principal and interest) against FAGE Greece and/or its officers and directors from a state or federal court of the United States, which judgment remains in full force and effect, may be enforced without a further review on the merits through a court of competent jurisdiction in Greece, subject to compliance with the following enforcement procedures of Articles 323 and 905 of the Greek Code of Civil Procedure:

- the judgment is also enforceable under the laws of the jurisdiction concerned;
- the judgment is not contrary to mandatory provisions of Greek law, the principles of *bonos mores* or public order and international public policy, and the U.S. court has not applied laws held by Greek courts to be of a tax, penal, criminal or punitive nature. On this last point there is no precedent under Greek law; however, there is precedent with lower courts that have refused to declare U.S. judgments awarding punitive damages enforceable in Greece, in circumstances other than under U.S. securities laws, and have reduced the amount of damages enforceable in Greece to a figure deemed in the opinion of the Greek court to be compensatory;
- the judgment was issued by a competent court of the jurisdiction concerned, both according to Greek and U.S. law, and was confirmed by a competent Greek court, pursuant to the general principles of the Greek Code of Civil Procedure;

- it was established that the unsuccessful litigant in the proceedings leading to the judgment had not been deprived of its rights to participate in such proceedings other than by the application of the procedural rules of the jurisdiction concerned that apply to nationals and non-nationals of that jurisdiction; and
- the judgment is not contrary to a previous judgment issued by a competent Greek court involving the same dispute and constituting *res judicata*.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Results of Operations for the FAGE Group for the Six and Three Months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, certain items in the FAGE Group's consolidated statements of income expressed as percentages of sales:

	Six months ended June 30,			months June 30,
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	(Unau	dited)	(Unau	ıdited)
Sales	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Cost of sales	(60.8)	(59.4)	(61.4)	(56.3)
Gross profit	39.2	40.6	38.6	43.7
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(25.6)	(26.1)	(25.8)	(28.0)
Other income	0.2	0.1	0.2	-
Other expenses	(0.8)	(0.3)	(1.0)	
Operating profit for the period	13.0	14.3	12.0	15.7
Financial income/(expenses), net	(4.4)	(4.4)	(4.2)	(4.4)
Foreign exchange gains/(losses), net	(0.7)	(0.2)	0.6	1.0
Profit before income taxes	7.9	9.7	8.4	12.3
Income tax expense	0.4	(2.1)	(0.9)	(2.6)
Net profit	8.3%	7.6%	7.5%	9.7%

Six months ended June 30, 2021 compared to six months ended June 30, 2020

Sales. Our sales in value for the six months ended June 30, 2021 amounted to \$275.7 million, an increase of \$14.7 million, or 5.6%, compared to sales in value of \$261.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020.

This increase in sales in value for the six months ended June 30, 2021, as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2020, is mainly due to the increase in our sales in volume by 5.7% and the positive impact of 4.0% on sales in value due to the weakening of the U.S. dollar against the Euro and the British Pound (the exchange rates, for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, were &1 = \$1.2025 and &1 = \$1.1033 and &1 = \$1.2576, respectively), which were partially offset by the decrease in the average net selling price across all markets by 4.1%. Our sales in value increased in Italy, the United Kingdom and Greece by 26.9%, 12.6% and 9.4%, respectively, which were partially offset by a decrease in sales in value in the United States by 3.3%.

Our sales in volume for the six months ended June 30, 2021 increased by 5.7% as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2020. This resulted mainly from increases in sales in volume in Italy, the United Kingdom, Greece and the United States by 14.9%, 5.4%, 9.0% and 1.0%, respectively.

Our sales in value outside of Greece accounted for 85.4% of our total sales in value for the six months ended June 30, 2021, as compared to 85.9% for the six months ended June 30, 2020.

Gross profit. Gross profit for the six months ended June 30, 2021 was \$108.0 million, an increase of \$1.9 million, or 1.8%, from \$106.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020. Gross profit as a percentage of sales for the six months ended June 30, 2021 was 39.2%, compared to 40.6% for the six months ended June 30, 2020. The main reason for this decrease was the increase in the prices of milk used both in the U.S. and Greek facilities by 4.3% and 11.1%, respectively.

Selling, general and administrative expenses. Selling, general and administrative expenses ("SG&A") for the six months ended June 30, 2021 were \$70.5 million, an increase of \$2.5 million, or 3.7%, from \$68.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020. As a percentage of sales, SG&A was 25.6% for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 26.1% for the six months ended June 30, 2020. This increase in SG&A costs is mainly due to the increase in shipping and handling costs.

Other income/(expenses), net. Net other expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2021 amounted to \$1.7 million. Net other expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2020 amounted to \$0.8 million.

Operating profit. Operating profit for the six months ended June 30, 2021 was \$35.8 million, a decrease of \$1.5 million, or 4.0%, as compared to operating profit of \$37.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020. As a percentage of sales, operating profit was 13.0% for the six months ended June 30, 2021 as compared to 14.3% for the six months ended June 30, 2020. This decrease in operating profit is mainly due to the increase in SG&A and other expenses, which was partially offset by the increase in gross profit.

Financial income/(expenses), net. Net financial expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2021 were \$12.1 million compared to \$11.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020. Financial income/(expenses), net as a percentage of sales was 4.4% for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 4.4% for the six months ended June 30, 2020.

Foreign exchange (losses)/gains, net. Net foreign exchange losses for the six months ended June 30, 2021 were \$1.9 million compared to net foreign exchange losses for the six months ended June 30, 2020 of \$0.6 million.

Profit before income taxes. Profit before income taxes for the six months ended June 30, 2021 was \$21.8 million, as compared to profit before income taxes of \$25.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020. This decrease in profit before income taxes is mainly due to the increase in SG&A, lower financial income and higher foreign exchange losses, which were partially offset by the increase in gross profit.

Income tax benefit/(expense). Income tax benefit for the six months ended June 30, 2021 was \$1.0 million, as compared to income tax expense of \$5.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020.

Net profit. Net profit for the six months ended June 30, 2021 was \$22.8 million, as compared to net profit of \$19.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020.

Three months ended June 30, 2021 compared to three months ended June 30, 2020

Sales. Our sales in value for the three months ended June 30, 2021 amounted to \$141.3 million, an increase of \$11.9 million, or 9.2%, compared to sales in value of \$129.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020.

This increase in sales in value for the three months ended June 30, 2021, as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2020, is mainly due to the increase in our sales in volume by 6.5% and the positive impact of 4.1% on sales in value due to the weakening of the U.S. dollar against the Euro and the British Pound (the exchange rates, for the three months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, were $\varepsilon 1 = 1.2056$ and $\varepsilon 1 = 1.1070$ and $\varepsilon 1 = 1.3981$ and $\varepsilon 1 = 1.2381$, respectively), which were offset by the decrease in the average net selling price across all markets by 1.4%. Our sales in value increased in the United States, the United Kingdom, Greece and Italy by 2.3%, 5.3%, 9.3% and 32.2%, respectively.

Our sales in volume for the three months ended June 30, 2021 increased by 6.5% as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2020. This resulted mainly from increases in sales in volume in the United States, Italy and Greece by 3.0%, 17.1% and 9.4%, respectively, which were partially offset by a decrease in sales in volume in the United Kingdom by 2.5%.

Our sales in value outside of Greece accounted for 85.8% of our total sales in value both for the three months ended June 30, 2021 and for the three months ended June 30, 2020.

Gross profit. Gross profit for the three months ended June 30, 2021 was \$54.5 million, a decrease of \$2.0 million, or 3.5%, from \$56.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020. Gross profit as a percentage of sales for the three months ended June 30, 2021 was 38.6%, compared to 43.7% for the three months ended June 30, 2020. The main reason for this decrease was the increase in the prices of milk used in both the U.S. facility and the Greek facilities by 20.8% and 18.5%, respectively.

Selling, general and administrative expenses. Selling, general and administrative expenses ("SG&A") for the three months ended June 30, 2021 were \$36.4 million, an increase of \$0.2 million, or 0.7%, from \$36.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020. As a percentage of sales, SG&A was 25.8% for the three months ended June 30, 2021 and 28.0% for the three months ended June 30, 2020. This increase in SG&A is mainly due to an increase in shipping and handling costs partly offset by lower advertising costs.

Other income/(expenses), net. Net other expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2021 amounted to \$1.2 million. Net other income for the three months ended June 30, 2020 amounted to \$0.0 million.

Operating profit. Operating profit for the three months ended June 30, 2021 was \$17.0 million, a decrease of \$3.4 million, or 16.7%, as compared to operating profit of \$20.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020. As a percentage of sales, operating profit was 12.0% for the three months ended June 30, 2021 as compared to 15.7% for the three months ended June 30, 2020. This decrease is mainly due to the decrease in gross profit and higher other expenses.

Financial income/(expenses), net. Net financial expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2021 were \$6.0 million compared to \$5.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020. Financial income/(expenses), net as a percentage of sales was 4.2% for the three months ended June 30, 2021 and 4.4% for the three months ended June 30, 2020.

Foreign exchange (losses)/gains, net. Net foreign exchange gains for the three months ended June 30, 2021 were \$0.8 million compared to net foreign exchange gains for the three months ended June 30, 2020 of \$1.3 million.

Profit before income taxes. Profit before income taxes for the three months ended June 30, 2021 was \$11.8 million, as compared to profit before income taxes of \$15.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020. This decrease is mainly due to the decrease in operating profit and lower foreign exchange gains.

Income tax expense. Income tax expense for the three months ended June 30, 2021 was \$1.3 million, as compared to \$3.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020.

Net profit. Net profit for the three months ended June 30, 2021 was \$10.5 million, as compared to net profit of \$12.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our principal sources of liquidity are existing cash balances, cash flow from operations, debt raised from capital markets (including the Senior Notes) and available amounts under our various lines of credit maintained with several banks. Our principal liquidity needs are debt service (primarily interest on the Senior Notes), shareholder payments, capital expenditures and working capital. We believe that our available capital resources will be sufficient to fund our liquidity needs.

Sources of capital. We fund our operating costs through cash from operations and short-term borrowings under various lines of credit. The available credit lines for the FAGE Group as of June 30, 2021 amounted to \$35.0 million, all of which was provided by Citibank, N.A. in the United States and secured by accounts receivable and certain inventory of FAGE USA. Out of the available credit lines as of June 30, 2021, the unused portion amounted to \$35.0 million (See Note 18). The available credit lines for the Group as of December 31, 2020 amounted to \$35.0 million.

Cash at banks and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2021 amounted to \$211.6 million compared to \$230.3 million as of December 31, 2020 (See Note 15).

We believe that this amount of our cash at banks and cash equivalents (\$211.6 million), together with the lines of credit, is sufficient to finance both the operations and the investment program of the FAGE Group.

Cash flow data.

	Six months ended June 30,		
	2021 2020		
	(\$ thousands)		
Cash flow from/(used in) operating activities	47,265	47,547	
Cash flow from/(used in) investing activities	(6,117)	(8,652)	
Cash flow from/(used in) financing activities	(60,176)	(32,365)	
Effect of exchange rates changes on cash	374	(177)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	230,255	156,683	
Cash and cash equivalents at period-end	211,601	163,036	

Cash flow from/(used in) operating activities. Net cash from operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2021 was \$47.3 million, compared to net cash from operating activities of \$47.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020. This decrease is mainly due to the decrease in operating profit.

Cash flow from/(used in) investing activities. Net cash used in investing activities amounted to \$6.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021. Out of the capital expenditures of \$6.2 million in the first six months of 2021, \$0.9 million related to capital expenditures for the U.S. facility, \$4.6 million related to capital expenditures for the facilities in Greece and \$0.7 million related to our new manufacturing facility. Net cash used in investing activities amounted to \$8.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020.

Cash flow from/(used in) financing activities. Net cash used in financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2021 was \$60.2 million. This resulted from \$11.8 million of interest paid, \$25.0 million of dividends paid to our shareholders from retained earnings, \$23.0 million from the repurchase of bonds (the Senior Notes) and \$0.4 million of payments of lease liabilities. Net cash used in financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2020 was \$32.4 million. This resulted from \$11.9 million of interest paid, \$20.0 million of dividends paid to our shareholders from retained earnings, and \$0.5 million of payments of lease liabilities.

Other Financial Data

EBITDA (net profit/(loss) plus income tax (expense)/benefit, financial income/(expenses), net and depreciation and amortization) for the six months ended June 30, 2021 amounted to \$51.6 million, as compared to \$53.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020. The reconciliation of net profit to EBITDA is as follows:

Six months ended June 30.

	2021	2020
	(\$ thousa	nds)
Net profit	22,802	19,826
Income tax (benefit)/expense	(1,020)	5,513
Financial (income)/expenses, net	12,080	11,284
Depreciation and amortization	17,760	17,281
EBITDA	51,622	53,904

EBITDA serves as an additional indicator of our operating performance and not as a replacement for measures such as cash flows from operating activities and operating income. We believe that EBITDA is useful to investors as a measure of operating performance because it eliminates variances caused by the amounts and types of capital employed and amortization policies and helps investors evaluate the performance of our underlying business. In addition, we believe that EBITDA is a measure commonly used by analysts and investors in our industry. Accordingly, we have disclosed this information to permit a more complete analysis of our operating performance. Other companies may calculate EBITDA in a different way. EBITDA is not a measurement of financial performance under IFRS and should not be considered an alternative to cash flow provided by or used in operating activities or as a measure of liquidity or an alternative to net profit/(loss) as an indicator of our operating performance or any other measure of performance derived in accordance with IFRS.

The net debt (short-term borrowings plus long-term interest-bearing loans and borrowings less cash and cash equivalents) of the Group as of June 30, 2021 amounted to \$172.2 million, as compared to \$175.8 million as of December 31, 2020.

Principal Risks and Uncertainties for the Remainder of 2021

Risk assessment and evaluation is an integral part of the management process throughout the FAGE Group. Risks are identified and evaluated and appropriate risk management strategies are implemented at each level. The key business risks are identified by the senior management team. FAGE International's board of directors, in conjunction with senior management, identifies major business risks faced by the Group and determines the appropriate course of action to manage these risks.

The principal risks and uncertainties faced by the FAGE Group are summarized below:

- first, we are exposed to aggressive competition in the domestic Greek market;
- second, we are exposed to currency exchange rate fluctuations, particularly in relation to the Euro (€) and the U.K. sterling (£);
- third, price fluctuations in raw materials could adversely affect the Group's manufacturing costs;
- fourth, the current economic crisis could continue to adversely affect consumer spending for the Group's products, particularly in Greece, Italy, the United Kingdom and the United States; and
- fifth, the COVID-19 pandemic that is affecting our global business and operations.

FAGE International's board of directors regularly monitors all of the above risks and appropriate actions are taken to mitigate those risks or address the potential adverse consequences.

Related Party Transactions

The FAGE Group purchases goods and services from and makes sales of goods to certain related companies in the ordinary course of business. Such related companies consist of affiliates or companies which are controlled by members of the Filippou family.

Account balances with related companies are as follows:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2021	2020
Due from:		
- Dimitrios Nikolou Single Member P.C.	503	521
- EMFI S.A.	6	88
- Hellenic Quality Foods S.A.	473	488
- Alpha Phi S.à r.l.	-	8
- Theta Phi S.à r.l.	-	8
- Iota Alpha Phi S.à r.l.	5	7
- Kappa Alpha Phi S.à r.l.	-	7
- Iota Phi S.à r.l.	-	11
- Kappa Phi S.à r.l.	-	11
	987	1,149
Due to:		
- Vis S.A.	6	2
- Mornos S.A.	184	111
- Alpha Phi S.à r.l.	1,996	-
- Theta Phi S.à r.l.	1,999	-
	4,185	113
	4,185	113

Transactions with related companies for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, are analyzed as follows:

	Purchases from related parties		Sales to related parties		
	Jui	ne 30,	June 30,		
	2021 2020		2021	2020	
		(\$ thousa	usands)		
Inventories, materials and supplies	7,475	8,330	77	118	
Other services	3,658	3,685	90	-	
	11,133	12,015	167	118	

INDEX TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	_ Page	_
- Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss for the six- and three-month periods ended June 30, 2021	14-15	
- Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income/Loss for the six- and three-month periods ended June 30, 2021	16	
- Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as at June 30, 2021	17	
- Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity for the six-month period ended June 30, 2021	18	
- Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the six-month period ended June 30, 2021	19	
- Notes to the Unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	20-33	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE SIX- MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(All amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share data)

(UNAUDITED)

		Six-month period ended June 30,			
	Notes	2021	2020		
Sales		275,703	260,966		
Cost of sales		(167,728)	(154,893)		
Gross profit		107,975	106,073		
Selling, general and administrative expenses	5	(70,504)	(68,003)		
Other income		492	178		
Other expenses	16	(2,206)	(982)		
OPERATING PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		35,757	37,266		
Financial expenses	6	(12,090)	(12,450)		
Financial income	6	10	1,166		
Foreign exchange gains/(losses), net		(1,895)	(643)		
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD BEFORE INCOME		21,782	25,339		
TAXES	7	· ·	ŕ		
Income tax benefit/(expense)	7	1,020	(5,513)		
NET PROFIT		22,802	19,826		
Attributable to:		22,802	19,826		
Equity holders of the parent		22,802	19,826		
Earnings per share					
Basic and diluted		22.80	19.83		
Weighted average number of shares, basic and diluted		1,000,000	1,000,000		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (All amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share data)

(UNAUDITED)

			riod ended June 30,	
	Notes	2021	2020	
Sales		141,310	129,382	
Cost of sales		(86,772)	(72,883)	
Gross profit		54,538	56,499	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(5)	(36,421)	(36,172)	
Other income		317	95	
Other expenses	(16)	(1,469)	(56)	
OPERATING PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		16,965	20,366	
Financial expenses	(6)	(6,006)	(6,223)	
Financial income	(6)	1	467	
Foreign exchange gains/(losses), net		845	1,315	
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD BEFORE INCOME TAXES		11,805	15,925	
Income tax expense	(7)	(1,277)	(3,429)	
•	(7)			
NET PROFIT		10,528	12,496	
Attributable to:		10,528	12,496	
Equity holders of the parent		10,528	12,496	
Earnings per share		10.52	10.50	
Basic and diluted		10.53	12.50	
Weighted average number of shares, basic and diluted		1,000,000	1,000,000	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/LOSS FOR THE SIX-AND THREE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(All amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars)

(UNAUDITED)

	Six-month period June 30		Three-month per June 3	
Notes	2021	2020	2021	2020
	22,802	19,826	10,528	12,496
	(1,933)	(448)	838	1,070
	(1,933)	(448)	838	1,070
	(120) 26 (94)	(83) 20 (63)	(86) 18 (68)	(16) 4 (12)
	(94)	(63)	(68)	(12)
	(2,027)	(511)	770	1,058
	20,775	19,315	11,298	13,554
	20,775 20,775	19,315 19 315	11,298 11,298	13,554 13,554
	Notes	Notes 2021 22,802 (1,933) (1,933) (120) 26 (94) (94) (2,027) 20,775	Notes 2021 2020 22,802 19,826 (1,933) (448) (1,933) (448) (120) (83) 26 20 (94) (63) (2,027) (511) 20,775 19,315	Notes 2021 2020 2021 22,802 19,826 10,528 (1,933) (448) 838 (1,933) (448) 838 (120) (83) (86) 26 20 18 (94) (63) (68) (2,027) (511) 770 20,775 19,315 11,298

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2021 $\,$

(All amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars)

	Notes	June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2020 (Audited)
ASSETS		(Chaadatea)	(Flacitod)
Non-Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment		370,977	384,928
Right-of-use leased assets	8	2,722	3,147
Intangible assets		1,113	1,153
Goodwill	9	2,848	2,879
Investments in equity instruments	10	105	108
Other non-current assets	11	193	882
Deferred income taxes		77,439	76,742
Total non-current assets		455,397	469,839
Current Assets:			
Inventories	12	42,296	41,029
Trade and other receivables	13	68,303	58,651
Due from related companies	14	987	1,149
Prepaid income taxes		22	1,219
Cash and cash equivalents	15	211,601	230,255
Total current assets		323,209	332,303
TOTAL ASSETS		778,606	802,142
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent Company Share capital Share premium Other reserves Land revaluation surplus Reversal of fixed assets statutory revaluation surplus Legal, tax free and special reserves Retained earnings Other components of equity Total Equity Non-Current Liabilities Interest-bearing loans and borrowings Provision for staff retirement indemnities Deferred income taxes Non-current liabilities from finance leases	16 8	1,000 4,547 459 32,162 (44,410) 52,016 270,933 (23,626) 293,081 383,850 4,040 28,806 2,132	1,000 4,547 459 32,162 (44,410) 52,016 273,131 (21,599) 297,306 406,054 4,140 32,101 2,307
Total non-current liabilities		418,828	444,602
Current Liabilities:			
Trade accounts payable	17	26,531	24,409
Due to related companies	14	4,185	113
Short-term borrowings	18	-	-
Income taxes payable	10	3,235	3,406
Accrued and other current liabilities	19	32,167	31,464
Current liabilities from finance leases	8	579	842
Total current liabilities		66,697	60,234
Total liabilities		485,525	504,836
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		778,606	802,142

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(All amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars)

Balance December 31, 2020 (Audited)	Share capital	Share premium 4,547	Land revaluation surplus 32,162	Reversal of fixed assets statutory revaluation surplus	Legal, tax free and special reserves	Other reserves 459	Retained earnings/ (losses) 273,131	Actuarial gains/ (losses) (681)	Foreign exchange gains/ (losses) (20,918)	Total equity 297,306
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,802	-	-	22,802
Other comprehensive loss Total comprehensive income/(loss)	-		<u> </u>			-	22,802	(94) (94)	(1,933) (1,933)	(2,027) 20,775
Dividends distribution Balance, June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)	1,000	4,547	32,162	(44,410)	52,016	459	(25,000) 270,933	(775)	(22,851)	(25,000) 293,081

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

(All amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars)

Balance December 31, 2019 (Audited)	Share capital	Share premium	Land revaluation surplus 34,599	Reversal of fixed assets statutory revaluation surplus	Legal, tax free and special reserves	Other reserves	Retained earnings/ (losses)	Actuarial gains/ (losses) (609)	Foreign exchange gains/ (losses)	Total equity 267,876
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	19,826	-	-	19,826
Other comprehensive loss Total comprehensive								(63)	(448)	(511)
income/(loss)	-	-	-	-	-	-	19,826	(63)	(448)	19,315
Dividends distribution							(20,000)			(20,000)
Balance, June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	1,000	4,547	34,599	(44,410)	52,016	459	246,304	(672)	(26,652)	267,191

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(All amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars)

(UNAUDITED)

		June 30,		
_	Notes	2021	2020	
Operating Activities:		21.702	25.220	
Profit before income taxes		21,782	25,339	
Adjustments to reconcile to net cash provided by operating				
activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	4	17,351	16,854	
Amortization of right-of-use leased assets	4, 8	409	427	
Provision for staff retirement indemnities		53	375	
Provision for doubtful account receivable	5, 13	22	12	
Financial income	6	(10)	(1,166)	
Financial expenses	6	12,083	12,439	
Finance leasing interest expense	6	7	11	
Loss/(gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment		58	(16)	
Operating profit before working capital changes		51,755	54,275	
(Increase)/Decrease in:				
Inventories	12	(1,267)	(1,911)	
Trade and other receivables	13	(9,674)	(12,387)	
Due from related companies	14	162	1	
Increase/(Decrease) in:				
Trade accounts payable	17	2,122	(2,106)	
Due to related companies	14	4,072	82	
Accrued and other current liabilities	19	1,189	12,392	
Working capital changes		(3,396)	(3,929)	
Income taxes paid		(1,641)	(2,431)	
Payment of staff indemnities		(1,041)	(428)	
(Increase)/decrease in other non-current assets	11	689	60	
Net Cash from Operating Activities		47,265	47,547	
*				
Investing Activities: Capital expenditure for property, plant and equipment		(6,181)	(10.264)	
Additions to intangible assets		(89)	(10,264) (84)	
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		143	530	
Interest and other related income received	6	10	1,166	
Net Cash used in Investing Activities	O	(6,117)	(8,652)	
Net Cash used in Investing Activities		(0,117)	(0,032)	
Financing Activities:				
Repayments of short and long-term borrowings	16	(23,025)	-	
Payment of leased liabilities	8	(430)	(423)	
Interest paid		(11,721)	(11,942)	
Dividends and share premium paid to equity holders of the parent		(25,000)	(20,000)	
Net Cash used in Financing Activities		(60,176)	(32,365)	
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(19,028)	6,530	
Effect of exchange rates changes on cash		374	(177)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	15	230,255	156,683	
Cash and cash equivalents at June 30	15	211,601	163,036	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

FAGE INTERNATIONAL S.A. NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(Amounts in all tables and notes are presented in thousands of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated)

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION:

FAGE International S.A. ("FAGE International") is a corporation organized under the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg on September 25, 2012. Its registered office is located at 145, Rue du Kiem, L-8030 Strassen, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg. FAGE International has a share capital of \$1,000 and is registered with the Luxembourg Register of Commerce and Companies under number B 171651.

References to the "Group" include, unless the context requires otherwise, FAGE International and its wholly owned subsidiaries consolidated therewith:

- FAGE USA Holdings, Inc., United States (merged with and into FAGE USA Dairy Industry, Inc. on January 15, 2020)
- FAGE USA Dairy Industry, Inc., United States
- FAGE Greece Dairy Industry Single Member S.A., Greece
- FAGE U.K. Limited, United Kingdom

The FAGE Group operates principally in the United States, the Hellenic Republic, also known as Greece, Luxembourg and, directly or through its subsidiaries, elsewhere in Europe and the rest of the world.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

(a) Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements: The accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the European Union (EU) ("IFRS").

They have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for the measurement of investments in equity instruments initially designated at fair value through other comprehensive income, derivative financial instruments and land, which have been measured at fair value. These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with IAS 34 (Interim Financial Reporting). The interim condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all the information and disclosure required in the annual consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020. The interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in thousands of U.S. dollars, except when otherwise indicated.

The preparation of financial statements, in accordance with IFRS, requires the use of critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the accounting policies which have been adopted. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, and areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 2.5 to the consolidated financial statements included in the 2020 Annual Report.

- (b) Significant Accounting Policies: The interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared using accounting policies consistent with those adopted for the preparation of the Group's annual consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 and which are comprehensively presented in the notes to the annual financial statements.
- (c) Basis of consolidation: The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of FAGE International and its subsidiaries as at June 30, 2021.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Group obtains control and continue to be consolidated until the date when such control ceases. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the parent company, using consistent accounting policies. All intra-group balances, transactions, unrealized gains and losses resulting from intra-group transactions and dividends are eliminated in full.

Losses within a subsidiary are attributed to the non-controlling interest ("NCI") even if that results in a deficit balance.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction. If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it:

- Derecognizes the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary,
- Derecognizes the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest,
- Derecognizes the cumulative translation differences, recorded in equity,
- Recognizes the fair value of the consideration received,
- Recognizes the fair value of any investment retained,
- Recognizes any surplus or deficit in profit or loss, and
- Reclassifies the parent's share of components previously recognized in other comprehensive income to profit or loss
 or retained earnings, as appropriate.

(d) Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures

New and Amended Standards and Interpretations

Several amendments and interpretations apply for the first time in 2021, but do not have an impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group. The Group has not early adopted any standards, interpretations or amendments that have been issued but are not yet effective.

FAGE INTERNATIONAL S.A. NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(Amounts in all tables and notes are presented in thousands of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated)

Interest Rate Benchmark Reform - Phase 2 - Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16

The amendments – effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2021 and endorsed by the EU - provide temporary relief which addresses the financial reporting effects when an interbank offered rate (IBOR) is replaced with an alternative nearly risk-free interest rate (RFR). This includes, among others, (1) a practical expedient to require contractual changes, or changes to cash flows that are directly required by the reform, to be treated as changes to a floating interest rate, equivalent to a movement in a market rate of interest when the transition takes place on an economically equivalent basis with no value transfer having occurred; and (2) a relief from discontinuing hedging relationships when required by the IBOR reform and when redefining the hedged risk to reference an RFR and redefining the description of the hedging instruments and/or the hedged items to reflect the RFR. At the same time, additional disclosures are required on how the entity is managing the transition and others. These amendments have no impact on the Group's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

Leases Covid-19 - Related Rent Concessions - Amendments to IFRS 16

In May 2020, the IASB amended IFRS 16 to provide relief to lessees from applying the IFRS 16 guidance on lease modifications to rent concessions arising as a direct consequence of the Covid-19 pandemic. Such amendments are applicable to financial years starting in June 2020. In March 2021, the IASB further modified the amendments in order to extend its application to lease payments due beyond June 30, 2022. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after April 1, 2021 and an earlier application is permitted. The amendments do not apply to lessors. As a practical expedient, a lessee may elect not to assess whether a Covid-19 related rent concession from a lessor is a lease modification. A lessee that makes this election accounts for any change in lease payments resulting from the Covid-19 related rent concession the same way it would account for the change under IFRS 16, if the change were not a lease modification.

Lessees will apply the practical expedient retrospectively, recognizing the cumulative effect of initially applying the amendments as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings (or other component of equity, as appropriate) at the beginning of the annual reporting period in which the amendments are first applied. Since no lease modifications or concessions have been granted to the Group nor are expected to be received, these amendments will have no impact on the Group's consolidated financial position or results of operations once they become applicable.

Amendments to the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting

The IASB has revised its conceptual framework. The framework is not an IFRS standard, and none of the concepts override those in any standard or any requirements in a standard. Its purpose is to assist the IASB in developing standards, to help preparers develop consistent accounting policies if there is no applicable standard in place and to assist all parties to understand and interpret the standards. Management has assessed that the conceptual framework amendments have no impact on the Group's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

Insurance Contracts (deferral of effective date of IFRS 9) - Amendments to IFRS 4

Effective for annual periods starting on or after January 1, 2021, these amendments extend the effective date to apply IFRS 9 for insurance contracts to January 1, 2023 in order to align with the effective date of IFRS 17. These amendments have been endorsed by the EU. These amendments have no impact on the Group's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

(e) Standards issued but not yet effective and not early adopted

The new and amended standards and interpretations that are issued, but not yet effective, up to the date of issuance of the Group's financial statements are disclosed below. The Group intends to adopt these new and amended standards and interpretations, if applicable, when they become effective.

• IFRS 17, Insurance Contracts

The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023 and has not yet been endorsed by the EU. IFRS 17 establishes principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of insurance contracts issued, reinsurance contracts held and investment contracts with discretionary participation features issued. Management does not expect that this standard will have an impact on the Group's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements and IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures: Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

The amendments address an acknowledged inconsistency between the requirements in IFRS 10 and those in IAS 28, in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. The main consequence of the amendments is that a full gain or loss is recognized when a transaction involves a business (whether it is housed in a subsidiary or not). A partial gain or loss is recognized when a transaction involves assets that do not constitute a business, even if these assets are housed in a subsidiary. In December 2015, the IASB postponed the effective date of these amendments indefinitely pending the outcome of its research project on the equity method of accounting. The amendments have not yet been endorsed by the EU. Management considers that the amendments will not have an impact on the Group's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

• Reference to the Conceptual Framework - Amendments to IFRS 3

These amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022 and have been endorsed by the EU. In May 2020, the IASB issued Amendments to IFRS 3 Business Combinations – Reference to the Conceptual Framework.

FAGE INTERNATIONAL S.A. NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(Amounts in all tables and notes are presented in thousands of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated)

The amendments are intended to replace a reference to a previous version of the IASB's Conceptual Framework (the 1989 Framework) with a reference to the current version issued in March 2018 (the Conceptual Framework) without significantly changing its requirements. The amendments will promote consistency in financial reporting and avoid potential confusion from having more than one version of the Conceptual Framework in use. Management has assessed that the conceptual framework amendments have no impact on the Group's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

• Onerous Contracts – Costs of fulfilling a contract – Amendments to IAS 37

These amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022 and have been endorsed by the EU. In May 2020, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 37 Provisions Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets to specify which costs an entity needs to include when assessing whether a contract is onerous or loss-making. The amendments must be applied prospectively to contracts for which an entity has not yet fulfilled all of its obligations at the beginning of the annual reporting period in which it first applies the amendments (the date of initial application). Earlier application is permitted and must be disclosed. The amendments are intended to provide clarity and help ensure consistent application of the standard. Entities that previously applied the incremental cost approach will see provisions increase to reflect the inclusion of costs related directly to contract activities, whilst entities that previously recognized contract loss provisions using the guidance from the former standard, IAS 11 Construction Contracts, will be required to exclude the allocation of indirect overheads from their provisions. Management considers that the amendments will not have an impact on the Group's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

• Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current – Amendments to IAS 1

These amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023 and have not yet been endorsed by the EU. In January 2020, the IASB issued amendments to paragraphs 69 to 76 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements to specify the requirements for classifying liabilities as current or non-current. The amendments clarify what is meant by a right to defer settlement, that a right to defer must exist at the end of the reporting period, that classification is unaffected by the likelihood that an entity will exercise its deferral right and that only if an embedded derivative in a convertible liability is itself an equity instrument, would the terms of a liability not impact its classification. Management expects that the amendments will not have an impact on the Group's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use – Amendments to IAS 16

The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022 and have been endorsed by the EU. They prohibit entities from deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment (PP&E), any proceeds of the sale of items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Instead, an entity recognizes the proceeds from selling such items, and the costs of producing those items, in profit or loss. The amendments must be applied retrospectively only to items of PP&E made available for use on or after the beginning of the earliest period presented when the entity first applies the amendment. Management expects that the amendments will not have an impact on the Group's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

Amendments to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements and IFRS Practice Statement 2: Disclosure of Accounting Policies

The amendments are effective for periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023 and have not been yet endorsed by the EU. They require entities to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies. To support these amendments the IASB has also developed guidance and examples to explain and demonstrate the application of the 'four-step materiality process'. According to the amendments, accounting policy information may be material (i) because of its nature, even if the related amounts are immaterial; (2) if users of an entity's financial statements would need it to understand other material information in the financial statements; and (3) if an entity discloses immaterial accounting policy information, such information shall not obscure material accounting policy information. Management expects that the amendments will not have an impact on the Group's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

Amendments to IAS 8 Accounting policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors: Definition of Accounting Estimates

The amendments help entities to distinguish between accounting policies and accounting estimates. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023 and have not yet been endorsed by the EU. Accounting estimates are now defined as being the monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty. The amendments clarify that a change in accounting estimate that results from new information or new developments is not the correction of an error. In addition, the effects of a change in an input or a measurement technique used to develop an accounting estimate are changes in accounting estimates if they do not result from the correction of prior period errors. Management expects that the amendments will not have an impact on the Group's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

Amendments to IAS 12, 'Income Taxes'

The amendments, issued in May 2021, require companies to recognize deferred tax on transactions that, on initial recognition, give rise to equal amounts of taxable and deductible temporary differences. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023 with an earlier application is permitted and have not been endorsed by the EU. The amendments – to be applied on a modified retrospective basis - require companies (a) to recognize a deferred tax asset – to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized – and a deferred tax liability for all deductible and taxable temporary differences associated with (1) right-of-use assets and lease liabilities; and (2) decommissioning, restoration and similar liabilities, and the corresponding

(Amounts in all tables and notes are presented in thousands of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated)

amounts recognized as part of the cost of the related asset; and (b) to recognize the cumulative effect of initially applying the amendments as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings (or other component of equity, as appropriate) at that date. Management expects that the amendments will not have a material impact on the Group's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

3. PAYROLL COST:

Payroll cost in the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements is analyzed as follows:

	June 30,	
	2021	2020
Wages and salaries	23,060	22,733
Social security costs	2,809	2,860
Provision for staff retirement indemnities	144	425
Other staff costs	2,889	3,091
Total payroll	28,902	29,109
Less: amounts charged to cost of production	(14,550)	(14,551)
amounts capitalized to tangible and intangible assets	(488)	(221)
Payroll expensed (Note 5)	13,864	14,337

The Group's total number of employees as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, was approximately 843 and 862, respectively.

Amounts paid to directors and executive officers included in payroll are described in Note 5.

4. DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION:

Depreciation and amortization in the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements is analyzed as follows:

	June 30,	
	2021	2020
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	17,233	16,506
Amortization of right-of-use leased assets	409	427
Amortization of intangible assets	118	348
Total depreciation and amortization	17,760	17,281
Less: amounts charged to cost of production	(14,519)	(13,885)
Depreciation and amortization expensed (Note 5)	3,241	3,396

5. SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES:

Selling, general and administrative expenses in the accompanying consolidated financial statements are analyzed as follows:

	June 30,	
	2021	2020
Shipping and handling costs	27,998	19,929
Advertising costs	18,771	18,258
Third party fees	6,843	7,400
Payroll (Note 3)	13,864	14,337
Depreciation and amortization (Note 4)	3,241	3,396
Repairs and maintenance	527	532
Travelling and entertainment	133	406
Allowance for doubtful account (Note 13)	22	12
Other	4,105	3,733
Total	70,504	68,003

(Amounts in all tables and notes are presented in thousands of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated)

Compensation paid to directors and executive officers for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, included in payroll and third party fees, amounted to \$4,756 and \$5,467, respectively. Of these amounts, \$2,931 and \$2,693 have been paid to the shareholders and members of the Filippou family for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

6. FINANCIAL INCOME AND EXPENSES:

Financial income/(expenses) in the accompanying consolidated financial statements is analyzed as follows:

	June 30,	
	2021	2020
Financial expenses on loans and borrowings (Note 16)	(11,902)	(12,113)
Interest on short-term borrowings (Note 18)	(66)	(67)
Amortization of fees for revolving credit facility (Note 18)	(27)	(29)
Finance leasing interest expense (Note 8)	(7)	(11)
Other	(88)	(230)
Total financial expenses	(12,090)	(12,450)
Interest earned on cash at banks and on time deposits	10	1,166
Total financial income	10	1,166
Total financial income/(expense), net	(12,080)	(11,284)

7. INCOME TAXES:

In accordance with Luxembourg tax regulations, the corporate tax rate applied by companies for fiscal years 2021 and 2020 is 24.94%.

Income tax expense reflected in the accompanying consolidated statements of profit or loss is analyzed as follows:

	June 30,	
	2021	2020
Income taxes:	· ·	
Current income tax expense	2,667	4,353
Deferred income tax (benefit)/expense	(3,687)	1,160
Total income tax (benefit)/expense	(1,020)	5,513

8. FINANCE LEASES AND LIABILITIES:

The impact of IFRS 16 adoption for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, is as follows:

	June 30,	
	2021	2020
Assets		
Right-of-use leased assets January 1	3,147	1,651
Amortization of right-of-use leased assets (Note 4)	(409)	(427)
Write-downs	-	(8)
Foreign currency remeasurement	(16)	(9)
Right-of-use leased assets June 30	2,722	1,207
Liabilities		
Total liabilities from finance leases January 1	3,149	1,623
Liabilities from finance lease – rental expenses	(430)	(423)
Interest expenses from finance leases (Note 6)	7	11
Write-downs	-	(10)
Foreign currency remeasurement	(15)	(10)
Total liabilities from finance leases June 30	2,711	1,191

FAGE INTERNATIONAL S.A. NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(Amounts in all tables and notes are presented in thousands of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated)

Total liabilities from finance leases June 30	2,711	1,191
Current liabilities from finance leases	579	782
Non-current liabilities from finance leases	2,132	409
Analyzed to:		

	June 30,		
	2021	2020	
Impact on Profit or Loss Statement			
Interest expenses from leases	(7)	(11)	
Amortization of right-of-use leased assets	(409)	(427)	
Liabilities from leases – rental expenses	430	423	
Write-downs	-	2	
Gross Impact on Profit or Loss Statement June 30	14	(13)	
Deferred tax	(4)	3	
Net Impact on Profit or Loss Statement June 30	10	(10)	

9. CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES AND GOODWILL:

CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES

The consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2021, include the financial statements of FAGE International and its subsidiaries listed below:

FAGE USA Dairy Industry, Inc.	Equity interest June 30, 2021 100.0%	Country of incorporation USA	U.S. operating subsidiary with
			its primary activity being the operation of the Group's U.S. production facility and the distribution of its products in the U.S.
FAGE Greece Dairy Industry Single Member S.A.	100.0%	Greece	Greek operating subsidiary with its primary activity being the operation of the Group's Greek production facilities and distribution of its products in Greece.
FAGE U.K. Limited	100.0%	United Kingdom	Distribution network covering the United Kingdom.

GOODWILL

The carrying value of goodwill reflected in the accompanying consolidated statements of financial position is analyzed as follows:

	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Foods Hellas S.A. (FAGE Greece Dairy Industry Single Member S.A.)	1,540	1,590
FAGE U.K. Limited	1,308	1,289
Total	2,848	2,879

Goodwill is tested annually for impairment in December of each year or more frequently when circumstances indicate that the carrying value maybe impaired. The Group has identified two cash generating units, the European and the U.S.

FAGE INTERNATIONAL S.A. NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(Amounts in all tables and notes are presented in thousands of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated)

The annual impairment test for goodwill was based on the value in use approach as described in Note 2.5(d) of the 2020 Annual Report, which was used to determine the recoverable amount of the cash generating units of the Group to which goodwill is allocated. Cash flow projections are based on financial forecasts approved by management covering a five-year period. The pre-tax discount rate applied to cash flow projections was 12.1% and cash flows beyond the five-year period were extrapolated using a 0.0% growth rate which is the expected average growth rate for the specific industry.

Management did not identify any impairment at the Group level as a result of this test.

Sensitivity to changes in assumptions

With regard to the assessment of value in use of the cash generating units of the Group, management believes that a reasonable change in any of the above key assumptions would not cause the current value of these cash generating units to materially exceed their recoverable amounts.

10. INVESTMENTS IN EQUITY INSTRUMENTS:

Investments in equity instruments are analyzed as follows:

	June 30,	2020	
	2021		
Shares—unlisted:			
Packing Hellas Development S.A.	105	108	
Total investments in equity instruments	105	108	

Investments in equity instruments are initially designated at fair value through other comprehensive income and consist of investments in ordinary and preferred shares and, therefore, have no fixed maturity date or coupon rate.

The aforementioned investments are carried at their fair value with the difference in the fair values reflected in other comprehensive income/(loss) (no recycling) unless a significant or prolonged decline exists in which case they are recycled through the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

June 30

December 31

11. OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS:

Other non-current assets are analyzed as follows:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2021	2020
Utility deposits	171	181
Other	22	701
	193	882

12. INVENTORIES:

Inventories are analyzed as follows:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2021	2020
Merchandise	226	287
Finished and semi-finished products	18,123	17,560
Raw materials and supplies	23,947	23,182
	42,296	41,029

13. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES:

Trade and other receivables are analyzed as follows:

(Amounts in all tables and notes are presented in thousands of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated)

	June 30 ,	December 31,
	2021	2020
Trade:		
—In U.S. dollars	26,072	22,549
—In foreign currencies	36,704	29,500
	62,776	52,049
—Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	(2,088)	(2,127)
	60,688	49,922
Other:		
—Value added tax	4,240	5,515
—Prepaid expenses	3,121	2,034
—Advances to suppliers	1,936	1,954
—Various debtors	89	1,055
	9,386	10,558
—Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	(1,771)	(1,829)
	7,615	8,729
	68,303	58,651

The change in the allowance for doubtful accounts between December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Trade	Other	Total
Balance at December 31, 2020	2,127	1,829	3,956
Provision (Note 5)	22	-	22
Foreign currency remeasurement	(61)	(58)	(119)
Balance at June 30, 2021	2,088	1,771	3,859

Due to the prolonged and complex legal procedures in Greece, it is not unusual for the collection process to take three to five years before a case is finalized.

14. RELATED PARTIES:

The Group purchases goods and services from and makes sales of goods to certain related companies in the ordinary course of business. Such related companies consist of affiliates or companies which have common ownership and/or management with the Group.

Account balances with related companies are as follows:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2021	2020
Due from:		
- Dimitrios Nikolou Single Member P.C.	503	521
- EMFI S.A.	6	88
- Hellenic Quality Foods S.A.	473	488
- Alpha Phi S.à r.l.	-	8
- Theta Phi S.à r.l.	-	8
- Iota Alpha Phi S.à r.l.	5	7
- Kappa Alpha Phi S.à r.l.	-	7
- Iota Phi S.à r.l.	-	11
- Kappa Phi S.à r.l.	-	11
	987	1,149
Due to:		
- Vis S.A.	6	2
- Mornos S.A.	184	111
- Alpha Phi S.à r.l.	1,996	-
- Theta Phi S.à r.l.	1,999	-
	4,185	113

(Amounts in all tables and notes are presented in thousands of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated)

Transactions with related companies for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, are analyzed as follows:

	Purchase related p		Sale related	
	Six months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Inventories, materials and supplies				
- Mornos S.A.	7,079	6,659	6	5
- Vis S.A.	396	591	3	3
- Hellenic Quality Foods S.A.	-	482	-	-
- Palace S.A.	-	598	-	-
- EMFI S.A.	-	-	41	70
- Dimitrios Nikolou Single Member P.C.	-	-	27	40
	7,475	8,330	77	118
Other services				
- Alpha Phi S.à r.l.	1,800	1,800	13	-
- Theta Phi S.à r.l.	1,800	1,800	13	-
- Iota Alpha Phi S.à r.l.	-	_	13	-
- Kappa Alpha Phi S.à r.l.	-	_	13	-
- Iota Phi S.à r.l.	-	-	19	-
- Kappa Phi S.à r.l.	-	-	19	-
- Dimitrios Nikolou Single Member P.C.	58	85	-	-
_	3,658	3,685	90	-
Total	11,133	12,015	167	118
			_	

Purchases of inventories, materials and supplies from related parties represent approximately 5.6% and 6.7% of the Group's total purchases for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Other services from related parties represent approximately 14.2% and 13.9% of the Group's total costs for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

15. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:

Cash and cash equivalents are analyzed as follows:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2021	2020
Cash in hand	68	103
Cash at banks	211,533	230,152
	211,601	230,255

Cash at banks earn interest at floating rates based on monthly bank deposit rates. Interest earned on cash at banks and time deposits is accounted for on an accrual basis and amounted to \$10 and \$1,166 for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and is included in financial income in the accompanying consolidated statements of profit or loss (Note 6).

Cash and cash equivalents for the Group at June 30, 2021 consisted of \$16,724 denominated in foreign currencies and \$194,877 in U.S. dollars (\$18,362 and \$211,893, respectively, at December 31, 2020).

There was no restricted cash at June 30, 2021 or December 31, 2020.

16. INTEREST BEARING LOANS AND BORROWINGS:

Interest bearing loans and borrowings are analyzed as follows:

FAGE INTERNATIONAL S.A. NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(Amounts in all tables and notes are presented in thousands of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated)

	June 30,	December 31,
	2021	2020
Senior Notes due 2026	420,000	420,000
Less: Bond repurchases	(30,685)	(7,660)
Total long-term debt	389,315	412,340
Less: Unamortized issuance costs	(5,465)	(6,286)
	383,850	406,054

On August 3, 2016, the Group completed the issuance of debt securities (the Senior Notes) at an aggregate face amount of \$420 million with maturity date on August 15, 2026. The Senior Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.625% per annum, payable semi-annually in arrears on each February 15 and August 15 commencing on February 15, 2017. The Senior Notes are redeemable, in whole or in part, at the option of the Group, at any time on or after August 15, 2021. During 2020, the Group consummated open market repurchases and cancellations of its bonds totaling \$7,660, reducing the amount of outstanding debt securities (the Senior Notes) to an aggregate face amount of \$412,340. The repurchases resulted in a loss of \$353 included in other expenses in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year 2020. During the six months ended June 30, 2021, the Group consummated open market repurchases and cancellations of its bonds totaling \$23,025, reducing the amount of the outstanding Senior Notes to an aggregate face amount of \$389,315. The repurchases during the six months ended June 30, 2021 resulted in a loss of \$1,095 included in other expenses in the accompanying consolidated statement of profit or loss. The indebtedness evidenced by the Senior Notes constitutes a general unsecured senior obligation of FAGE International S.A. and ranks pari passu in right of payment with all other senior indebtedness and ranks senior in right of payment to all subordinated indebtedness of FAGE International S.A.

The Senior Notes Indenture contains certain covenants that, among other things, limit the type and amount of additional indebtedness that may be incurred by FAGE International S.A. and its subsidiaries and impose certain limitations on investments, loans and advances, sales or transfers of assets, liens, dividends and other payments, the ability of FAGE International S.A. and its subsidiaries to enter into sale-leaseback transactions, certain transactions with affiliates and certain mergers. The Group was in compliance with the terms of the Senior Notes Indenture as of June 30, 2021.

Finance expenses on the Group's interest-bearing loans and borrowings for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, amounted to \$11,902 and \$12,113, respectively, and are included in financial expenses in the accompanying consolidated statements of profit or loss (Note 6).

The annual principal payments required to be made on all loans subsequent to June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 are as follows:

	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
2-5 years	-	-
Over 5 years	389,315	412,340
-	389,315	412,340

17. TRADE ACCOUNTS PAYABLE:

Trade accounts payable are analyzed as follows:

	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Suppliers in U.S. dollars	15,642	14,077
Suppliers in other currencies	10,889	10,332
	26,531	24,409

18. SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS:

Short-term borrowings are draw-downs under various lines of credit maintained by the Group with several banks. The use of these facilities is presented below:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2021	2020
Credit lines available	35,000	35,000
Unused credit lines	(35,000)	(35,000)
Short-term borrowings	-	-

As of June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Group had no short-term borrowings.

FAGE INTERNATIONAL S.A. NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(Amounts in all tables and notes are presented in thousands of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated)

Interest on short-term borrowings for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, totaled \$66 and \$67, respectively, for the Group and is included in interest expense in the accompanying consolidated statements of profit or loss (Note 6).

Amortization of fees for the revolving credit facility of FAGE USA Dairy Industry, Inc. for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, amounted to \$27 and \$29, respectively, and is included in interest expense in the accompanying consolidated statements of profit or loss (Note 6).

The available credit lines for the FAGE Group as of June 30, 2021 amounted to \$35,000 all of which was provided by Citibank, N.A. in the United States and secured by accounts receivable and certain inventory of FAGE USA Dairy Industry, Inc.

19. ACCRUED AND OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES:

The amount reflected in the accompanying consolidated statements of financial position is analyzed as follows:

	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Taxes withheld:		
Payroll	1,067	978
Third parties	622	825
Other	179_	179
	1,868	1,982
Advances from customers	332	2,708
Accrued interest	8,245	8,731
Social security funds payable	513	1,106
Accrued and other liabilities	21,209	16,937
	29,967	26,774
	32,167	31,464

20. SEGMENT INFORMATION:

The Group produces dairy products and operates primarily in the United States, Greece and other European countries. Due to the nature of the products and the manner in which they are marketed to customers, the business is operated and managed as one business segment distinguished between the European operations and the U.S. operations. Accordingly, no operating results by individual or group of products are produced and neither are the Group's assets and liabilities analyzed by various product groups. Intra-segment balances and transactions have been eliminated on consolidation.

Segment information for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, is analyzed as follows:

	Six months ended June 30, 2021				
	European operations	U.S. operations	Eliminations	Consolidated	
Revenues					
Net sales to external customers	127,767	147,936		275,703	
Profit before income taxes	18,743	3,039		21,782	
Income tax (benefit)/expense	(1,662)	642		(1,020)	
Segment result net profit	20,405	2,397		22,802	
Income tax (benefit)/expense	(1,662)	642		(1,020)	
Depreciation and amortization	3,985	13,775	-	17,760	
Financial expenses/(income), net	9,289	2,791		12,080	
Other segment information: Capital expenditures: Tangible and intangible fixed	5,337	933		6,270	
assets	3,331	933		0,270	

(Amounts in all tables and notes are presented in thousands of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated)

	Six months ended June 30, 2020					
	European operations	U.S. operations	Eliminations	Consolidated		
Revenues						
Net sales to external customers	108,012	152,954		260,966		
Profit before income taxes	13,853	11,486		25,339		
Income tax expense	2,650	2,863		5,513		
Segment result net profit	11,203	8,623		19,826		
Income tax expense	2,650	2,863	-	5,513		
Depreciation and amortization	4,004	13,277	-	17,281		
Financial expenses/(income), net	8,376	2,908	-	11,284		
Other segment information: Capital expenditures: Tangible and intangible fixed assets	3,455	6,893		10,348		
abbetb	3,433	0,073		10,540		

The following table presents segment assets and liabilities of the Group as at June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020.

June 30, 2021	European operations	U.S. operations	Eliminations	Consolidated
Segment assets	445,430	403,615	(70,439)	778,606
Segment liabilities	382,624	173,340	(70,439)	485,525
December 31, 2020	European operations	U.S. operations	Eliminations	Consolidated
Segment assets	445,196	422,713	(65,767)	802,142
Segment liabilities	375,786	194,817	(65,767)	504,836

21. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS:

(a) Litigation and claims:

- (i) From time to time, lawsuits have been filed against FAGE Greece by dairy farmers who supplied the company during the period from 2001 to 2007, claiming damages and loss of income due to alleged violations of the rules of Greek anti-trust law relating to FAGE Greece's case with the Hellenic Competition Commission, which was irrevocably closed in 2013. Two of these lawsuits against FAGE Greece are pending before the Athens Court of Appeal and four recently filed lawsuits are pending before the Athens Court of First Instance. The Group believes that the foregoing lawsuits are entirely without merit.
- (ii) The Group is involved in various other legal proceedings incidental to the conduct of its business. Management does not believe that the outcome of any of these other legal proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the Group's financial condition or results of operations. The Group maintains product liability insurance that it believes is adequate at the present time in light of the Group's prior experience.

(b) Commitments:

(i) Letters of Guarantee:

At June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the Group had outstanding bank letters of guarantee in favor of various parties amounting to \$18 and \$18, respectively. Such guarantees have been provided for the good execution of agreements.

(Amounts in all tables and notes are presented in thousands of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated)

(ii) Investment in the United States:

To remain current in the U.S. market, the Group is engaged in modifications to the Johnstown facility. The Group has signed agreements with various suppliers and contractors related to these modifications. Future minimum amounts payable under these agreements as at June 30, 2021 amounted to \$4,586 all of which is due within the next 12 months. Of the total future amounts payable, \$319 is denominated in Euro.

(iii) Investment in New Facility in Western Europe:

The Company has decided to construct a New Manufacturing Facility in Western Europe to meet increasing European demand. The Group has signed agreements with various suppliers and contractors related to this construction. Future minimum amounts payable under these agreements as at June 30, 2021 amounted to \$28,644 all of which are denominated in Euro. Most of these amounts are due between one and five years.

22. RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES:

a) Credit Risk: The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk, due to the failure of counterparties to perform their obligations as at June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, in relation to each class of recognized financial assets, is the carrying amount of those assets as indicated in the accompanying consolidated statement of financial position. Concentrations of credit risks are limited with respect to receivables due to the large number of customers comprising the Group's customer base. The Group generally does not require collateral or other security to support customer receivables. There was no customer that accounted for more than 5.8% of the Group's revenue or receivables for the six months ended June 30, 2021.

b) Financial Instruments

Set forth below is a comparison by category of carrying amounts and fair values as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, of all of the financial instruments that are carried in the consolidated financial statements:

	Carryin	g amount	Fair value		
	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	
Non-financial assets					
Land	39,505	40,763	39,505	40,763	
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	211,601	230,255	211,601	230,255	
Investments in equity instruments	105	108	105	108	
Trade and other receivables	68,303	58,651	68,303	58,651	
Due from related companies	987	1,149	987	1,149	
Financial liabilities					
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	383,850	406,054	401,076	422,162	
Trade accounts payable	26,531	24,409	26,531	24,409	
Due to related companies	4,185	113	4,185	113	
Accrued and other liabilities	32,167	31,464	32,167	31,464	

Fair Value Hierarchy

The Group uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuing technique: Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: techniques which use inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data

FAGE INTERNATIONAL S.A. NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(Amounts in all tables and notes are presented in thousands of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated)

	Fair value		Fair value hierarchy	
	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020		
Financial assets: Investments in equity instruments	105	108	Level 2	
Financial liabilities: Fixed-rate borrowings	401,076	422,162	Level 1	